COMPUTING & ICT—Year 08 Knowledge Organiser: E-Safety (Autumn 1)

Summary

In this unit, students will build upon their knowledge and understanding of e-safety from Year 7 and learn about **sexting** and **cyberbullying**.

They will go through the **e-safety program** which explains the **dangers** and the possible mental harm that this practice may cause. It should allow them the make **better choices** about the way they use **computers and digital devices.** It should enable the student to use them safely, effectively and responsibly.

Students will also learn to understand about the effects of cyberbullying, and be made aware of the consequences of being both a victim and perpetrator.

Legal aspects of cyberbullying will be look at together with the **support systems** which are on offer.

Visit these websites to get help, advice and support.













NetSmartzorg

Staying safe online

Sexting is a term used to describe the sharing of intimate images or videos with another person. This content can be anything from texts, partial nudity right up to sexual images or video. Very often it is between partners, but can be between groups and can use a whole range of devices, technologies and online spaces. The most common ones are by text, private message on social networks or apps such as Kik, Oovoo, or Instagram.

Cyberbullying is bullying that takes place over **digital devices** like cell phones, computers, and tablets. Cyberbullying can occur through SMS, Text, and apps, or online in social media, forums, or gaming where people can view, participate in, or share content. Cyberbullying includes sending, posting, or sharing negative, harmful, false, or mean content about someone else.



Key Vocabulary	
Cyberbullying	Cyberbullying involves sending offensive texts or emails, posting lies or insults on social networking sites and sharing embarrassing videos or photos online.
Grooming	Refers to the techniques predators use to get to know and seduce their victims in preparation for different forms of abuse.
Sexting	Sending or receiving sexually explicit or suggestive images, messages, or video on an smartphone or through the Internet. This includes:- nude or nearly nude photos or selfies, videos that show nudity, sex acts, or simulated sex, text messages that propose sex or refer to sex acts.
Malware	Malicious software created to damage or gain illegal access to computer systems.
Phishing	Trying to trick someone into giving out information over email is called 'phishing'.
Social Networking	A wide variety of software installed on people's computers, which collects information about you without your knowledge or consent and sends it back to whoever wrote the spyware program. theft. It can damage your computer and steal your information and personal details.

Videos to watch

Exposed

Joe's Story

Matt thought he knew

The Cyber Bullying Virus

